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served milks. The provisions of this section shall not be applicable to condensed skimmed milk held or offered for sale under permits therefor issued by the board of health and pursuant to the rules and regulations of said board.

Milk and Cream-Permits Required for Sale of. (Ord. Bd. of H., Feb. 20, 1912.)

SEC. 56. No milk, modified milk, or cream shall be received, held, kept, offered for sale or sold and delivered in the city of New York, without a permit in writing therefor from the board of health, and subject to the conditions thereof.

By the term "modified milk" is meant milk of any subdivision of the classification known as "Grade A, for infants and children," which has been changed by the addition of water, barley water, lime water, sugar of milk, or other substances intended to render the milk suitable for infant feeding.

Garbage and Refuse—Ashes, Manure, Sweepings, Offal, Shop Fat and Bones, Grease, Rotten Eggs, Garbage, and Swill. (Reg. Bd. of H., Apr. 9, 1912.)

- 1. The sanitary superintendent, an assistant sanitary superintendent, or a chief of the division of inspections are hereby authorized to issue all the permits, which are issued in accordance with the following regulations, under section 119 of the sanitary code, to transport manure, swill, ashes, garbage, offal, or any offensive or noxious substance.
- 2. There will be issued with each permit a set of rules and regulations bearing the same number as the permit. These rules and regulations must be complied with while any of the above-mentioned materials are being transported.
- 3. A violation of any of these rules and regulations during the transportation of refuse material may be sufficient cause for the revocation of the permit.
- 4. The permit is to be securely fastened in a conspicuous place on the right side of the vehicle near the front.
- 5. The use of a vehicle for the transportation of refuse materials without a permit by a person or persons holding a permit or permits for this purpose from this department may be sufficient cause for the revocation of all permits held by said parties.
- 6. Vehicles engaged in the transportation of the above-mentioned materials, while loaded, either wholly or in part, must not remain on the public sidewalk an unreasonable length of time, and must not, except when unavoidable, stop in front of premises other than those from which the material is being collected.

ASHES.

- 1. Ashes may be transported in tight vehicles, provided with proper tight-fitting, metallic covers to prevent dust and dirt from being blown therefrom and creating a nuisance.
- 2. Ashes may be delivered to any private dumping board along the water front of the city.
- 3. They may be deposited upon vacant lots, provided a permit therefore has been issued.
- 4. They may be delivered to any dump maintained by the street cleaning department, provided said department issues a permit therefor.

MANURE.

- 1. Manure may be transported only to a dump operated under a permit issued by the board of health.
- 2. All vehicles used in the transportation of manure must be thoroughly cleaned after each day's use.
- 3. Vehicles used in this traffic must be tight, and must be provided with a suitable cover so as to prevent the dropping of manure upon the street. If this cover is of

canvas or other similar material, it must be of sufficient size to completely cover the manure within the vehicle, and must be securely fastened to the vehicle on all sides.

- 4. No vehicles engaged in the collection of manure shall be permitted to load upon the sidewalk, in an alleyway, or in a yard, or any place except within the stable.
- 5. The vehicles and the premises wherein they are stored must be maintained in a cleanly condition at all times.

SWEEPINGS.

- 1. Sweepings may be transported in tight vehicles provided with proper tight-fitting metallic covers to prevent dust and dirt from being blown therefrom and creating a nuisance.
- 2. Sweepings may be delivered to any private dumping board along the water front of the city.
- 3. They may be deposited upon vacant lots, provided a permit therefor has been issued.
- 4. They may be delivered to any dump maintained by the department of street cleaning, provided the street cleaning department issues a permit therefor.

OFFAL.

- 1. The vehicles and other apparatus used in the collection of offal must be so constructed as to prevent the escape of offensive odors therefrom.
- 2. The offal must be transported in barrels, boxes, or other receptacles which are water-tight and are strongly constructed of metal or some hard wood, and each fitted with a cover sufficiently tight to prevent the escape of offensive odors.
 - 3. Offal transported under this permit may be delivered only to the following points:
 - (a) To a dock or boat set aside for the receipt of offal or garbage.
- (b) To a contractor employed by the city of New York for the disposal of offal, garbage, or other animal refuse.
- (c) To plants within the city of New York holding permits from the board of health to treat and dispose of material of this character.
- 4. All vehicles used in the transporting of offal shall be loaded and unloaded within the buildings from which the material is collected or to which it is transported.
- 5. All vehicles and containers therein must be thoroughly cleaned upon the completion of each day's use.

SHOP FAT AND BONES.

- 1. This permit does not include or allow the collection of shop fat and bones at points beyond the limits of the city of New York, nor does it permit or allow any shop fat or bones to be brought into the city.
- 2. The vehicles and other apparatus used in the collection of shop fat and bones must be so constructed as to prevent the escape of offensive odors therefrom.
- 3. The shop fat and bones must be transported in barrels, boxes, or other containers which are water-tight, and are strongly constructed of metal or some hard wood and each fitted with a cover sufficiently tight to prevent the escape of offensive odors.
- 4. When the amount of shop fat and bones collected at any one point is within threequarters of the capacity of the aforementioned barrels or boxes, then this material must be removed from the premises in the receptacles in which it was collected.
- 5. The sorting of shop fat and bones upon the sidewalk in any public street, or in vehicles while on a public street, is strictly prohibited.
- 6. Vehicles must be kept closed while on the public streets, except while shop fat and bones are actually being loaded into the receptacles thereon.
- 7. Shop fat and bones transported under this permit may be delivered only to the following points:
 - (a) To a dock or boat set aside for the receipt of offal or garbage.
- (b) To a contractor employed by the city of New York for the disposal of offal or garbage.

- (c) To plants within the city of New York holding permits from the board of health to treat and dispose of material of this character.
- 8. All vehicles and the containers therein must be thoroughly cleaned upon the completion of each day's use.
- 9. Vehicles used in the transportation of fresh fat, bones, heads, or feet of animals from slaughterhouses within 12 hours of the time that the animals were killed need not have separate containers, provided the vehicles are used in transporting this material from the point of production to the point of disposition; and, provided further, that the vehicles are loaded and unloaded within the plants, except that when material of this character is to be removed from the city in boats it may be dumped into boats at some dock set aside for the purpose.

GREASE.

- 1. This permit does not include or allow the collection of grease at points beyond the limits of the city of New York, nor does it permit or allow any grease to be brought into the city.
- 2. The vehicles and other apparatus used in the collection of grease must be so constructed as to prevent the escape of offensive odors therefrom.
- 3. The grease must be transported in barrels, boxes, or other receptacles which are water-tight, and are strongly constructed of metal or some hard wood and fitted with covers sufficiently tight to prevent the escape of offensive odors.
- 4. When the amount of grease collected at any one point is within three-quarters of the capacity of the aforementioned boxes or barrels, then this material must be removed from the premises in the receptacles in which it was collected.
- 5. The sorting of grease upon the sidewalk in any public street, or in vehicles while on a public street, is strictly prohibited.
- 6. Vehicles must be kept closed while on the public street, except while grease is actually being loaded thereon.
- 7. Grease collected under this permit may be disposed of by any of the following methods:
- (a) It may be delivered to any dock or boat set aside by the authorities of the city for the reception of garbage, swill, offal, or other similar material.
- (b) It may be delivered to any plant holding a permit from the board of health to render fat, manufacture lubricants, soap, or any similar product.
- 8. All vehicles and containers therein must be thoroughly cleaned upon the completion of each day's use.

ROTTEN EGGS.

- 1. The vehicles and other apparatus used in the collection of rotten eggs must be so constructed as to prevent the escape of offensive odors therefrom.
- 2. The rotten eggs must be transported in barrels, boxes, or other receptacles which are water tight, and are strongly constructed of metal or some hard wood, and each fitted with a cover sufficiently tight to prevent the escape of offensive odors.
- 3. No eggs shall be transported under this permit unless they have been denatured in a manner satisfactory to the department of health.
- 4. Eggs transported under this permit may be delivered only to the following points:
 - (a) To a dock or boat set aside for the receipt of offal or garbage.
- (b) To a contractor employed by the city of New York for the disposal of offal or garbage.
- (c) To persons holding permits from the department of health to manufacture products of which eggs of this character are a constituent part.
- 5. All vehicles and the containers therein must be thoroughly cleaned upon the completion of each day's use.

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GARBAGE AND SWILL.

- 1. The vehicles and other apparatus used in the collection of garbage and swill must be so constructed as to prevent the escape of offensive odors therefrom.
- 2. The sorting of garbage or swill upon the sidewalk, transferring it from one container to another, or in vehicles, while on a public street, is strictly prohibited.
- 3. Vehicles must be kept closed while on the public street, except while garbage or swill or receptacles containing the same are actually being loaded thereon.
- 4. Swill shall be transported in barrels, boxes, or other receptacles which are water tight, and are strongly constructed of metal or of some hard wood and fitted with covers sufficiently tight to prevent the escape of offensive odors.
- 5. Garbage shall be transported in tight vehicles, so constructed that liquids will not leak therefrom; said vehicles to be covered with adequate metallic covers to prevent the escape of offensive odors, or it may be transported in tight barrels or boxes contructed of metal or hard wood, and fitted with tight-fitting covers. The vehicles used in this manner must be also covered.
- 6. When the amount of swill collected at any one point is within three-quarters of the capacity of the aforementioned barrels or boxes, then this material must be removed from the premises in the receptacles in which it was collected.
- 7. This permit does not allow the collection of swill at points beyond the limits of the city of New York, nor does it permit or allow any swill to be brought into the city.
- 8. Garbage transported under this permit may be delivered only to the following points:
- (a) To a dock or boat set aside by the city of New York for the receipt of garbage, offal, swill, or other refuse material.
 - (b) To plants holding a permit to dispose of such material.
- (c) To a dump maintained by the department of street cleaning, provided said department issues a permit for the receipt thereof.
- 9. Swill collected under this permit may be disposed of by any of the following methods:
- (a) It may be delivered to any dock or boat set aside by the authorities of the city for the reception of garbage, offal, swill, or other similar material.
- (b) It may be delivered to a plant holding a permit from the department of health to treat such material.
- (c) It may be delivered to persons within the city holding permits to keep hogs and swine.
 - (d) It may be taken to any place without the city.
- 10. All vehicles and the containers therein must be thoroughly cleaned upon the completion of each day's use.

House Boats—Permits for Location and Use of. (Reg. Bd. of H., Sept. 17, 1912.)

Resolved, That the following additional section, to be known as section 157a of the Sanitary Code, be and the same is hereby adopted:

SEC. 157a. No houseboat while used or occupied as such, shall be moored, anchored, or located in the waters of any inlet or bay, except the upper or lower bay of New York Harbor, without a permit in writing therefor from the board of health of said city, and subject to the rules and regulations of the said board; and no persons shall use or occupy for living purposes any such boat so moored, anchored or located in the waters aforesaid, unless a permit for such boat has been issued as herein provided."

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